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1942. K Legal **File No.** Forest. II 142

DEPARTMENT

13. BRANCH

p 23(E)

Subject:— Rules and Notifications under the Indian Forest Act 1927

File No. Forest II 142

Stl. Sectt. Slip 24 B o.

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revised as follows:-

"Subject to the control and direction of the Provincial Government, the Chief Controlling Authority in any division in all matters relating to forest administration except those mentioned in rule 118 shall be the Commissioner".

50 Rule 118: In view of rule 117, R.D. should consider whether it is necessary to specify the duties of the Commissioner in this rule.

51 Rule 124: (a) The latter part of this rule provides inter alia that appointments of subordinate forest establishment shall be made by the Divisional Forest Officers. Under section 241(1)(b) of the Government of India Act, 1935, appointments to any civil service or posts can be made only by the Governor or such person as he may direct. The power of appointment to the subordinate establishment has to be conferred on the Divisional Officers by a direction made under this section and the power cannot be conferred by rule made under the Indian Forest Act. The reference in the rule to "appointments" is therefore, not in order.

(b) It appears that the intention is that the control over the establishment matters relating to appointment, leave, transfer etc. should vest in the Chief Conservator of Forests (See rules 118, 122 and 123 The latter part of rule 124 which provides that posting etc. shall be subject to the control of the Commissioner does not therefore appear to be appropriate. R.D. should therefore consider whether this rule should not be amended as shown on page 89.

52 Rule 123 :- It is not understood what exactly is meant by the words "local supply" used in the rule. R.D. should make this clear.

53. Rule 131:- (1) The rule as it stands is not in order. An obligation to execute a written instrument cannot be imposed upon any person by a rule. A Forest Officer may however refuse to enter into a contract unless such an instrument is executed.

(ii) The explanation to this rule provides that under certain circumstances mentioned there in a person shall be deemed to have been required by the Forest Officer to bind himself as provided in the rule and on the happening of certain events to have bound himself accordingly. The proviso is not legally in order.

(iii) The rule may therefore be amended as shown at page 92 ante.

54 Rule 133 This rule prescribes penalties for contravention of the different provisions of the rules. The rule is in order. It provides that a person who commits a breach of the rules described in columns 1 to 3 of the table appended to the rule shall be liable to be punished with the penalty prescribed therefor in the sections of the Act or of the Indian Penal Code mentioned in column 4 of the table. Where a penalty is provided for breach of a rule, in the section of the Act itself or of the Indian Penal Code, it is not necessary to repeat the provision, therefore, in the rule regarding penalties for breach of rules 3 to 7, 8 to 30, 40, 41, to 65, 91, 92(1) and 93, 92(2) are unnecessary and inappropriate. Section 42(1) of the Act empowers the Provincial Government to make rules prescribing penalties for contravention of rules made under section 51(1). Rules can be made under

these two provisions prescribing penalties for contravention of the rules referred to therein. The penalties prescribed may be lower than those mentioned in sections 42(1) and 51(2). The R.D. draft rule provides that for contravention of rules 66 to 69 and the rules contained in Chapter VII other than rules 91, 92 and 93 the penalty should be as prescribed in section 42(1) of the Act and for breach of rules 112 to 116, the penalty should be as prescribed in section 51(2) of the Act. As the penalty referred to in section 42(1) can be prescribed for contravention of the rules made under section 41 only it is necessary to verify whether the rules 66 to 69 and the rules contained in Chapter VII(other than 91,92 and 93) all fall under section 41. It is necessary for also to specify precisely the rules for contravention of which the penalty is to be prescribed. Subject to the remarks made above rules 66 to 69 are covered by section 41 of the Act. It appears that out of these rules, the rules for contravention of which a penalty is to be prescribed are 66, 70, 71(3) to(7), 72,75,78,80,81,82,84,85(2) su and 88. As regards the rules contained in Chapter VII the rules for contravention of which a penalty can be prescribed are rules 94,98,103,107,108,110 and 111. Rule 94 however provides inter alia that no person shall cut or uproot certain trees. In so far as the rule prohibits cutting or uprooting of trees, the rule would be outside the scope of the rule-making power under section 41. Clause (h) of section 41(2) refers to cutting of "timber" which is not the same as cutting of trees. A contravention of the provisions of this rule in so far it relates to cutting or uprooting of trees cannot be pu

punishable with the penalty prescribed in section 42(1) Rule 98 covers also cutting and uprooting of trees. Unless R.D. desires that the penalty referred to in section 42(1) should be prescribed in respect of other matters provided for in these two rules, it would be desirable to omit reference to these two rules wholly fro rule 133. If this is done, section 77 of the Act will ap[illegible] and a breach of these rules 94 and 98 will be punishable with the penalt prescribed in this section.

As regards rules 112 to 116, these rules fall und er section 51(i) and there is no objection to prescribi for breach of these rules, the penalty referred to in rule 51(3). The only rules out of these, however, which lay down an obligation, and for which a penalt can be imposed are rules 112 and 116.

In view of the position stated above the proposed rule 133 may be recast as under:-

"133. Penalties for breach of certain rules- Whoever contravenes the provisions of rule 66,70,71(3)(7), 72 75,76,80 to 84,85(3),86,88,100,103,104,107,108, 110,111,113 or 116 shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to .. *..... months, or with fine which may extend to . ..*.... hundred rupees or with both".

* Imprisonment upto six months and fine upto Rs. 500 may be prescribed.

55
56. Rule 133 :- It is not clear who is to be an order for the payment of a portion of the proceeds of the fine and confiscations to the officers

and informers. It is also not clear whether the procedure suggested in cases where more persons than one are entitled to a reward is toapply in cases in which a court has passed an order for the giving of such reward. R.D. is requested to consider these points and revise the rule accordingly.

56 Schedule D:- As the lease will be executed on behalf of the Governor of Bombay, the words"on behalf" are substituted for the words " by order" at page 98 ante.

o.c. Rd./ P.N.M. 32/12

Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.

U.R. to R.D. No. 10 dated 3rd January 1942.

23 "

Office of the R.L.A.

A revised draft notification is sent herewith.

O.C. Yd/ N.K.D. 25/2

For Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.

U.R. to N.D., No. 1782, dated 26th February 1943.

13

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Draft Notification
Revenue Department;
Bombay Castle, 1942.

The Indian Forest Act, 1927

No. 6709/39.- In exercise of the powers conferred by section 66 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), the Government of Bombay is pleased to empower, for a period of one year with effect from the date of this notification, Mr..... *..... Range Forest Officer, Division, West Khandesh District, to accept from any person against whom a reasonable suspicion exists that he has committed an offence punishable under clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 26 of the said Act of removing from a reserved forest within the limits specified in column 1 of the Schedule hereto annexed, any forest-produce not exceeding that specified against it in column 2 of the said Schedule, by way of compensation, for the offence which such person is suspected to have committed.

* Here insert the name of the Officer referred to in the Conservator's letter at p.1-2 ante.

SCHEDULE

Forest-produce	Sum of money.
1	2
Anjan leaves	Rs. 5/-
Firewood	Rs. 2/-

By order of the Governor of Bombay,

Secretary to Government

Office of the R.L.A.

A revised draft notification is sent herewith.

2 It is not clear from the Revenue Department papers whether the area proposed to be converted into a game sanctuary is a reserved forest or a protected forest. The rules provide for the prohibition of the shooting in the area of the sanctuary. Such rules can be made under section 26(1)(1) of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 only in respect of reserved forests. In the case of protected forests, section 32(1) of the Act provides for making rules to regulate the hunting, shooting etc. in such forests. The power to regulate does not include a power to make rules prohibiting the shooting etc. in such forests. If any part of the area is a protected forest the present rules will not be valid in respect of such area. Before issuing the notification, therefore, the Revenue Department should verify whether the whole of the area included in the sanctuary is a reserved forest.

3 Draft rule 2 of the Revenue Department draft notification provides that the boundaries of the sanctuary shall not be altered and its ownership or character shall not be changed without the previous sanction of Government. This rule is unnecessary. The area of the sanctuary is fixed under the rules. It cannot be altered except by alteration of the rules. The sanctuary will always be subject to the rules made by Government and consequently it is not necessary to provide that previous sanction of Government. The rule has therefore been deleted from the revised draft notification.

4 Section 26(2) of the Indian Forest Act, 1927, provides that nothing in thesanction shall be deemed to prohibit any act done by persons in exercise of the Forest

any rule made by the Provincial Government . In view of this provision it is not necessary to have a provision as contained in the proviso to Revenue Department draft rule 3. It is likewise notnecessary to provide as in the Revenue Department draft rules 4 and 6 for the taking of permission of the Divisional Forest Officer or for obtaining a permit from him. Revised draft rule 7 incorporates the provisions of section 28(2) of the Act and makes it clear that the rules do not prohibit any act done with the permission of the Forest Officer.

5. Revenue Department draft rules 7 and 8. These rules are unnecessary and have been omitted. The object in view can be achieved by issuing executive instructions to the Forest Officers.

O.C. Td/ P.N.M. 2/4

Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.

U.R. to R.D., No. 2930 , dated the 4th April 1942.

17
29

NOTIFICATION
Revenue Department.

Bombay Castle, April 1943.

The Indian Forest Act, 1927

No. 6748/39:— In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of sub-section (1) of section 28 and clause (d) of section 76 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (XVI of 1927), the Government of Bombay is pleased to make the following rules to prohibit hunting, shooting and setting traps or snares within the limits of the area specified in the Schedule hereto annexed and constituted as a wild life sanctuary called the Kulgi and Virnoli Game sanctuary and to provide for other matters.

1 In these rules, "sanctuary" means the Kulgi and Virnoli Game sanctuary comprising the area within the limits specified in the Schedule.

2 Prohibition of hunting, shooting or capturing of wild animals or birds or of setting traps or snares.— No person shall hunt, shoot, or capture any wild animal or bird or set traps or snares within the sanctuary.

3 Carrying of fire arms or explosives into the sanctuary.— No person other than a Forest Officer, shall carry into the sanctuary any fire arms or explosives.

4 Entry, halt or motoring in the sanctuary.—

(1) No person other than a resident in a village in the sanctuary shall enter the sanctuary or halt in it.

(2) No person shall motor along the roads running through the sanctuary.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall apply to the Travargatti-Joida Road or to any other road in the sanctuary which is open to the public by right of way.

5 Villagers to reside.— No resident of a village in the sanctuary shall be prohibited from

reside in the sanctuary.

6 Regulations for the managment and control of the sanctuary-. The Chief Conservator of Forests Province of Bombay, may with the previous sanction of the Government of Bombay, make regulations for the managment and control of the sanctuary.

7 Nothing in these rules shall be deemed to prohibit any act done by permission in writing of the Forest Officer.

Schedule.

Boundaries of the Dulgi and Virnoli Game sanctuary in the Kanara Northern Division and Belgaum Division;-

North, East and South;- The Kalinadi river from the boundary of Virmpali and Khodli villages to the junction of the Kaneri river with the Kalina -di river.

West;- Starting from the junction of the villages boundaries of Avurla and Gangoda on the Kaneri, thence along the village boundaries of Avurla, Dudsa, Kalamkhand, Mandurli, Potoli, Pardha -ni and Virampali up to the junction of the village boundaries of Virampali and Khodli (in Supa Range) on the Kalinadi river.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,

Secretary to Government.

19

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Office of the R.L.A.

Paragraph 2 of R.D. note;- The revised draft rule 3 suggested by the Chief Conservator at page 225 ante, as slightly amended, is in order.

2 Paragraph 3 of R.D.note;- The definition of "small game" may be inserted in Note (1) to rule 8 as proposed by R.D.

3. Paragraph 5 of R.D.note;- For the reasons stated by the Chief Conservator at page 226 ante revised draft rule 13 may be amended as suggested by him. It is not necessary to give reference to rules 18 to 22 in draft rule 13.

4 Paragraph 6 of R.D.note;- The expression "protected animal" occurs in rules 16, 35 and 37. The following definition may be added to rule 2, as clause (d) and clauses (d) and (e) re-lettered as (e) and (f);-

"(d) The expression "protected animal" means an animal to which the provisions of the Wild Birds and Animals Protection Act, 1912, apply".

5 Paragraph 7 of R.D.note;- The amendment suggested by the Chief Conservator to revised draft rule 17, namely, to substitute the words "by express order" for the words "by the express order" for the words is in order.

6. Paragraph 8 of R.D.note;- As suggested by R.D. for the words "stags or bulls" the word "males" may be substituted in revised draft rule18(3).

7 Paragraph 10 of R.D.note;- A second note may be added to revised draft rule 29 as follows, namely;-

"Note (2);- The term "additional gun" means a person who accompanies a licensee in the block to which he is entitled and uses a gun".

The existing Note may be numbered as Note(1).

8 Paragraph 11 of R.D.note;- revised draft of rule 30 suggested by the Chief Conservator at page 237 may be accepted.

9 Paragraph 13 of R.D. note:- It will not be sufficient to substitute the words "post Card" for the words "Shikar Card" in the proviso to draft rule 34 as suggested by the Chief Conservator. The word "post-card" so used will have its ordinary meaning namely the post-card obtainable at the Post Office. As the intention is that the licensee should submit his report to the nearest forest office on a particular form, for the words "a Shikar card" the words "a Shikar card in the printed form duly filled in " may be substituted. Similarly, in rule 72, for the words,"post card" the words "Shikar card in the printed form "may be substituted.

10 Paragraph 13 of R.D. note:- In rule 38 for the words and figres "provided that such licensee as not exempted by this rule from the liabilities referred to in rule 11" the following may be substituted, namely:-
"Without prejudice to an action that may be taken against him under rule 11".

11 Paragraph 14 of R.D. note:- The expression "not inferior in rank to an Assistant Collector or Deputy Collector" may be ~~taken~~ retained, in view of section 9 of the Land Revenue Code.

12 Paragraph 15 of R.D.note:- In view of the position as explained by the Chief Conservator at page 227 ante the original draft rule 54 may be retained without any corrections.

13 Paragraph 17 of R.D.note:- It is true as observed by the Chief Conservator of Forests at page 228 ante that section 41 A of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 does not prohibit the making of rules by the Provincial Government as regards matters contained in rules 73 to 74 and that it merely provides that the rules made under section 41 shall, notwithstanding anything contained in that section , have

effect subject to the rules made by the Central Government under section 41 A; however, rules 72 to 74 not only provide for regulation the import of forest produce into the Province of Bombay otherwise than accross the customs frontiers, but also the import of forest produce into the Province of Bombay accross the customs frontiers The import of forest produce accross the customs frontiers is a Central subject and rules in respect of such import can only be made by the Central Govt. (see Govt. of India Act, 1935, Seventh Schedule, List I, Item 19) As the Chief Conservator of Forests points out in respect of forest produce imported by sea separate rules have already been framed (Article 176 of the Bombay Forest Manual, Volume II) under section 157 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878. Although these rules were framed by the Provincial Government originally, they are continued in force by paragraph 9 of the Government of India (Adaptation of Indian Laws) order,1937 and can be altered or revoked only by the Central Government in view of the said paragraph 9 read with the said section 157 as adapted The position is the same in regard to land customs frontiers also. It is however true that the import duties levied by the Province of Bombay under Article 158 A of the Bombay Forest Manual in the year 1925 are continued to be levied as Provincial revenue, in spite of entry 44 in the Federal Legislative List, by virtue of section 143(2) of the Government of India Act, 1935, The Provincial duty thus saved in respect of imports from Hyderabad, Jaora, Indore, Barwani and Bhopal State into the East and West Khandesh districts needs provisions, regulating such imports. It is therefore for the consideration of H.E.whether the provisions of the Land Customs Act, 1924, which apply to the land customs front

in question are not adquate for the purpose. If not, rule 72 to 74 which appear to be ultra vires as at present framed, may be retained in view of the fact that the substance of the rules is based on rules 9, 10 and 104 of the Bombay Presidency Transit Rules, 1922 (in Government Notification, Revenue Department, No. 2546-B, dated 24th July 1922); rule 72 should however be modified in its commencement thus;-

"All forest-produce imported into the East and West Khandesh Diestricts from the Hyderabad, Indore Barwani and Bhopal States, shall be coverted by a foreign pass, etc."

R.D. should verify if the rates of duty have been extended to any other State.

14 Paragraph 18 of R.D.note, page 240:- Rule 77 may be amended as shown in ~~pencil~~ pencil in the provisional copy. The words "for enjoyment of certain privileges" are unnecessary and have been omitted.

15 Paragraph 19 of R. D.note:- In view of the explanation given by the Chief Conservator of Forests there is no objection to retain the phrase. It may however be points out that the rule as typed in the corrected copy prepared by the Chief Conservator is not complete.

16 Paragraph 21 of R. D. note:- In view of the remarks made by the R.L.A. against rules 95-99 the Chief Conservator has revised these rules and renumbered them as rules 95 to 99. These draft rules as revised by the Chief Conservator are in order.

17 Paragraph 23 of R.D. note:- The wording of revised rule 105 may be recast as follows;-

"If the timber obtained from trees other than sandalwood, referred to in rule 94 is sought to be converted at a place to which the provi

sions of rule 88 are applicable, the applicant shall etc."

18 Paragraph 24 of R.D. noted:- The arguments advanced by the Chief Conservator of Forests at page 231 appear to be sou -nd. It is true that the procedure prescribed in sections 46 to 48 of the Indian Forest Act applies to all timber menti -oned in section 48 whether it is marked or unmarked and that the sale or disposal of the timber cannot be made before the completion of the said proceedings. There is no objection however to renumbering and recasting the second paragraph of rev'sed rule 109 as suggested by the Chief Conservator of Forests at page 232. The concluding portion may be recast as follo s;-

".....and unless in his opinion the probabl proceeds of the sale of timber are not likely to exceed the co st incurred oncollection it together with theprobable cost of conveying it to a depot appointed for the reception of draft timber he shall convey the timber to such depot."

19 Paragraph 25 of R.D. note:- There is no objection to reta ining revised rule 115. Clause (e) may be slightly amended as shown in pencil in the provisional copy.

20 Paragraph 29 of R.D.note :- Revised rule 130 may be recas as follows to bring out clearly the points mentioned by the Chief Conservator;-

Rewards out of fines and confiscations.

" 130 . A Conservator of Forests or a Divisional Forest Offic of not less than seven years" service in gazetted rank empowe red by the Conservator in this behalf, and in the case of rese rved or protected forests handed over to the Revenue Departmen for management, the Collector of the district, may authorise payment by way of reward, of such sum as he deems fit out of t the fine recovered or the proceeds of property confiscated und er the Act, to any person by whose assistance the conviction was obtained or the property liable to confiscation discovered; provided that except in any case where the Magistrate otherwise directs, the aggregate amount of rewards paid under this rule

shall not exceed one-half the net proceeds of the fine or confiscation.".

It is not necessary to provide specifically for powers of distribution, as they are implicit in the rule as recast "Person" includes "Persons" and the officer concerned has power to authorise payment of such sum as he deems fit.

21 Paragraph 30 of R.D. note:- The last paragraph in Schedule D may be recast as follows:-

" This lease is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Forest Act, 1927, and of the rules made thereunder."

Sd./ P.N.Koos 29/7
Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.

U.O. to R.D., No. 6165, dated the 29th July 1942.

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Office of the R.L.A.

Para.2 of R.D. note at page 92 ante:- The view taken by the Chief Conservator of Forests at page 88 ante is correct and it is not strictly necessary to mention superseded notifications in the preamble of draft notifications Nos. 1,2 and 3 since section 24 of the General Clauses Act, 1897, does not apply to notifications under the repealed and re-enacted rules. (Cf. rule 75A(6) of the Defence of India Rules).

2 Para 3 of R.D.note:- A revised draft notification is sent herewith. The material amendments are; (1) Collectors are added in para 3(a) as Forest Officers for all purposes in respect of Revenue forests intheir districts. (2) Para 4 of the R.D.draft is omitted as substantially covered by para 3(a) and hence seems administratively unnecessary. Paras.(5) to (9) of the R.D. draft are renumbered as paras.(4) to (8) and revised from the drafting point of view. R.D. should verify if the revised draft carries out its intention.

3 Para4 of R.D.note:- There is no objection to the charge proposed by the Chief Conservator at page 89 in the draft notification No. 5

Sd./-P.N.Koos 29/7

Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.

U.R. to R.D. No. 6166 dated the 29th July 1942.

27

53

NOTIFICATION.
Revenue Department,

Bombay Castle, July 1942.

No. In exercise of the powers ~~conferred~~ conferred by a section 2,25,61,68 and 72 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927(XVI of 1927), and in supersession of the Government Notifications in the Revenue Department noted below, namely;-

(1) No. 5123, dated the 20th June 1892,

(2) No. 8155, dated the 14th October 1892,

(3) No. 4092, dated the 31st May 1895,

(4) No. 4092-A, dated the 31st May 1895.

(5) No. 5932, dated the 6th August 1895,

(6) No. 2765, dated the 30th March 1896,

(7) No. 1090, dated the 9th February 1897,

(8) No. 4909, dated the 8 th August 1900

(9) No. 6308, dated the 3rd August 1905,

(10) No. 9401, dated the 21st November 1905

(11) No. 9479, dated the 2nd October 1916,

(12) No. 5534/28 dated the 2nd February 1931.

(13) No. 7480/33 dated the 4th November 1940,

the Government of Bombay is leased-

(1) to empower and appoint the following officers of the Forest Department to do anyhing required to be done by a Forest Officer under the Sections of the said Act specified against them;-

Forest Officers	Sections
(a) Conservators	Sections 17
(b) Conservators and Deputy and Assistant Conservators.	Sections 21,46,56,57,68 and 72.

(c) Conservators, Divisional Forest Officers and the Sub-Divisional Forest Officers, Surat, West Khandesh and Satara.	Sections 25,26(1) (c) 38,47,50,61 and 83.
(d) Range Forest Officers	Sections 66 and 67
(e) Conservators, Deputy and Assistant Conservators & Rangers Foresters and Forest Guards.	Sections 26(2)(a), 34,44,45,52, 64,66,70 and 79.

(2) to authorise every Collector to be the officer with whose previous sanction the Forest officer should exercise the power under section 25 of the said Act to sto public or private ways and water courses in reserved forests;

(3)(a) to appoint all Collectors and Assistant and Deputy Collectors and all Mamlatdars and Mahalkaris in the Province of Bombay to be Forest Officers for all th purposes of the said Act and the Bombay Forest Rules 1942 with respect to such reserved or protected forests within the limits of their respective charges, as may from time to time, be under the management of the Revenue Department.

(b)subject to the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 68 of the said Act, to invest the said officers with the powers specified in section 68 of the said Act, with respect to such forests; and

(c) to invest all Collectors with the power specified in section 61 of the said Act;

(4) to appoint all officers of the Customs, Salt and Excise Departments, excluding those serving in the Ahmedabad and Kaira Districts and the Broach Sub-divisions of the Broach and Panch Mahals District, to be Forest officers for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of section 52 of the said Act and rule 85 of the said rules;

(5) to appoint the Chief Commissariat Officer, Poona, to be a Forest Officer for all the purposes of the said Act and rules in respect of the reserved forest Kurans in the

Poona district which have been assigned for the use of the Commissariat Department;

(6) to a point the Superintendent of Grass Operations, Commissariat Department, Poona and the Commissariat Kuran Chaukidars in the District of Poona, to be Forest Officers throughtout the areas to which their duties extend for the the purposes of sections 52,64 and 70 of the said Act;,

(7) to appoint the officer Commanding, Remount Depot, Ahmednagar, to be a forest officer for all the purposes of the said Act and rules in respect of the reserved forest Kurans Ahmednagar district which have been assigned for the use of the Army Remount Department;

(8) to appoint the Manager, Military Grass Farms, Ahmednagar to be a Forest Officer, for all the purposes of the said Act and rules in respect of the reserved forest Kurans in the Ahmednagar district which have been assigned for the use of the Military Grass Farms Department.

By order of the Governor of Bombay.

Secretary to Government.

31/87

Office of the R.D.A.

Since administratively it appears that the Circle Inspectors, village accountants and revenue or police patels should exercise the powers under sections 52,64 and 66 of the Act, there is no legal objection to retaining para 4 of the R.D. draft notification on pp. 95-96, as further amended. It should be inserted as para(4) in the revsed draft notification and the subsequent paras renum'ered as shown at pp.99-100 ante.

Sd/- P.N.Moos 12/9

.Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.

U.R. to R.D. No. 7381 dated the 15th Septemeber 1942.